

§ 520.1660

milligrams of oxbendazole per kilogram of body weight; for threadworms, 15 milligrams per kilogram of body weight.

(2) *Indications for use.* For removal and control of large strongyles (*Strongylus edentatus*, *S. equinus*, *S. vulgaris*); small strongyles (species of the genera *Cylicostephanus*, *Cylicocyclus*, *Cyathostomum*, *Triodontophorus*, *Cylicodontophorus*, and *Gyalocephalus*); large roundworms (*Parascaris equorum*); pinworms (*Oxyuris equi*) including various larval stages; and threadworms (*Strongyloides westeri*).

(3) *Limitations.* Administer by stomach tube in 3 to 4 pints of warm water, or by top dressing or mixing into a portion of the normal grain ration. Prepare individual doses to ensure that each animal receives the correct amount. Horses maintained on premises where reinfection is likely to occur should be re-treated in 6 to 8 weeks. Not for use in horses intended for food. Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

[45 FR 78119, Nov. 28, 1980, as amended at 47 FR 39812, Sept. 10, 1982; 56 FR 50653, Oct. 8, 1991; 60 FR 55659, Nov. 2, 1995]

§ 520.1660 Oxytetracycline.

§ 520.1660a Oxytetracycline and carbomycin in combination.

(a) *Specifications.* (1) Oxytetracycline: The antibiotic substance produced by growth of *Streptomyces rimosus* or the same antibiotic substance produced by any other means.

(2) Carbomycin: The antibiotic substance produced by growth of *Streptomyces halstedii* or the same antibiotic substance produced by any other means.

(b) *Sponsor.* See No. 000069 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Special considerations.* The quantities of oxytetracycline in paragraph (e) of this section refer to the activity of oxytetracycline hydrochloride and the quantities of carbomycin listed refer to the activity of an appropriate standard.

(d) *Related tolerances.* See §§ 556.110 and 556.500 of this chapter.

(e) *Conditions of use.* It is used as oxytetracycline hydrochloride plus

21 CFR Ch. I (4-1-02 Edition)

carbomycin base in drinking water of chickens as follows:

(1) *Amount.* 1.0 gram of oxytetracycline and 1.0 gram carbomycin per gallon.

(2) *Indications for use.* As an aid in the prevention and treatment of complicated chronic respiratory disease (air-sac infection) caused by *Mycoplasma gallisepticum* and secondary bacterial organisms associated with chronic respiratory disease such as *E. coli*.

(3) *Limitations.* Administer for not more than 5 days; not for use in chickens producing eggs for human consumption; withdraw 24 hours before slaughter.

§ 520.1660b Oxytetracycline hydrochloride capsules.

(a) *Specifications.* The drug is in capsule form with each capsule containing 125 or 250 milligrams of oxytetracycline hydrochloride. Oxytetracycline is the antibiotic substance produced by growth of *Streptomyces rimosus* or the same antibiotic substance produced by any other means.

(b) *Sponsor.* See No. 000069 in § 510.600(c) of this chapter.

(c) *Conditions of use.* (1) It is used in dogs and cats for the treatment of bacterial pneumonia caused by *Brucella bronchiseptica*, tonsillitis caused by *Streptococcus hemolyticus*, bacterial enteritis caused by *Escherichia coli*, urinary tract infections caused by *Escherichia coli*, and wound infections caused by *Staphylococcus aureus*.¹

(2) The drug is administered orally to dogs and cats at a dosage level of 25-50 milligrams per pound of body weight per day in divided doses at 12-hour intervals. The drug can be used for continuation of compatible antibiotic therapy following parenteral oxytetracycline administration where rapidly attained, sustained antibiotic blood levels are required. The duration of treatment required to obtain favorable response will depend to some extent on the severity and degree of involvement and the susceptibility of the infectious

¹These conditions are NAS/NRC reviewed and deemed effective. Applications for these uses need not include effectiveness data as specified by § 514.111 of this chapter, but may require bioequivalency and safety information.

agent. Clinical response to antibiotic therapy usually occurs within 48 to 72 hours. If improvement is not observed within that period, the diagnosis and course of treatment should be reconsidered. To assure adequate treatment, administration of the drug should continue for at least 48 hours following favorable clinical response.¹

(3) Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.¹

§ 520.1660c Oxytetracycline hydrochloride tablets/boluses.

(a) *Specifications.* Each tablet or bolus contains 250, 500, or 1,000 milligrams of oxytetracycline hydrochloride.

(b) *Sponsors.* For sponsors in § 510.600(c) of this chapter: See 000010 for use of 500 and 1,000 milligram boluses. See 000069 for use of 250 and 500 milligram tablets.

(c) *Tolerances.* See § 556.500 of this chapter.

(d) *Conditions of use in beef and dairy cattle*—(1)(i) *Amount.* 250 milligrams per 100 pounds of body weight every 12 hours (5 milligrams per pound of body weight daily in two doses).

(ii) *Indications for use.* For control of bacterial enteritis caused by *Salmonella typhimurium* and *Escherichia coli* (colibacillosis) and bacterial pneumonia (shipping fever complex, pasteurellosis) caused by *Pasteurella multocida*.

(2)(i) *Amount.* 500 milligrams per 100 pound of body weight every 12 hours (10 milligrams per pound of body weight daily in two doses).

(ii) *Indications for use.* For treatment of bacterial enteritis caused by *Salmonella typhimurium* and *Escherichia coli* (colibacillosis) and bacterial pneumonia (shipping fever complex, pasteurellosis) caused by *Pasteurella multocida*.

(3) *Limitations.* Dosage should continue until the animal returns to normal and for 24 hours to 48 hours after symptoms have subsided. Treatment should not exceed 4 consecutive days. Do not exceed 500 milligrams per 100 pounds of body weight every 12 hours (10 milligrams per pound daily). For sponsor 000069: Discontinue treatment 7

days prior to slaughter. Not for use in lactating dairy cattle.

[46 FR 32440, June 23, 1981, as amended at 50 FR 1045, Jan. 9, 1985; 63 FR 70334, Dec. 21, 1998]

§ 520.1660d Oxytetracycline hydrochloride soluble powder.

(a) *Specifications.* The drug is a soluble powder distributed in packets or pails having several concentrations of oxytetracycline hydrochloride (independent of the various net weights) as follows:

(1) Each 18.14 grams of powder contains 1 gram of oxytetracycline hydrochloride (OTC HCl) (packets: 4, 6.4, and 16 oz.).

(2) Each 4.43 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packets: 4 and 16 oz.).

(3) Each 1.32 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packets: 2.39, 4.78, and 9.55 oz.; jars: 2.25 lbs.; and pails: 4.5 lbs.).

(4) Each 2.73 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packets: 2.46 and 9.87 oz; pail: 3.09 lb).

(5) Each 4.2 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packets: 3.8 and 15.2 oz; pails: 4.74 and 23.7 lb).

(6) Each 1.32 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packet: 4.78 oz.; pail: 5 lb).

(7) Each 18.1 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packet: 6.4 oz.; pails: 2 and 5 lb), each 272.2 grams (9.6 oz) of powder contains 204.8 grams of OTC HCl, each 907.2 grams (2 lb) of powder contains 686 grams of OTC HCl, each 2.26 kilograms (5 lb) of powder contains 1,715 grams of OTC HCl.

(8) Each 135.5-gram packet (4.78 ounce) contains 102.4 grams of OTC HCl. Each 677.5-gram packet (23.9 ounce) contains 512 grams of OTC HCl.

(9) Each 2.73 grams of powder contains 1 gram of OTC HCl (packets: 9.87 and 19.75 oz; pails: 3.09 and 5 lb).

(b) *Sponsor.* See sponsor numbers in § 510.600(c) of this chapter as follows:

(1) No. 000069 for use of OTC HCl concentrations in paragraphs (a)(1), (a)(2), and (a)(3) of this section in chickens, turkeys, swine, cattle, sheep, and honey bees.

(2) No. 046573 for use of OTC HCl concentration in paragraph (a)(4) of this